2022 FEMSA Conference You've messed up, Now What?



What You Might Face

- PFAS/PFOS/PFOA CONTAMINATION FROM FIREFIGHTER FOAM
- TURNOUT GEAR/PUMP/EQUIPMENT FAILURE
- DISCRIMINATION LAWSUIT
- CHEMICAL SPILL
- FIREFIGHTER OR MEDIC INJURED
- EMPLOYEE LAYOFFS
- CITIZEN LITIGATION
- CUSTOMER/CITY COMPLAINT
- EXPLOSION









Crisis vs. Issue

Crisis

- > Unexpected and unpredictable
- > Victims
- > Require response in moment
- > Explosive, unplanned visibility

Issue

- > Known or planned
- You can see it coming
- Normal executive activity
- > More control of outcome







What's in a Crisis Communications Plan

- 1. Clear guidelines.
- 2. Clear delineation of who is speaking.
- Lists of critical stakeholders and databases with their contact information.
- 4. Pre-Approved messages for stakeholders and social media.
- 5. Plan for your website.
- 6. Instructions and passwords for your official social media sites.







Developing a Crisis Communications Plan

1. Vulnerability Audit

- What keeps you up at night?
- How likely is that to occur?
- What is hit on reputation?
- Identify top crisis scenarios.

2. Then write the plan.

- Messages
- Press release
- First tweet/facebook post
- Contact info for crisis team and press
- Who is going to speak and have they been media trained?







Case Study

PFAS in the City of Blissville

City of Blissville found PFAS in ground water near its production wells. We helped the city conceive and execute a communications program for its water department, which serves more than 400,000 people. Source of PFAS was nearby Fire Training Center who was not being particularly cooperative.







Crisis Communications Strategy

Who is going to say it?

What is City going to say?

When is the City going to say it? Proactive or Reactive?

- ✓ Proactive, Vindicator
- ✓ Reactive, VILLIAN

Whom will the City say it to? Identified all key stakeholders.

How is City going to say it? What tools were we going to use?







Define Your Objectives

- Reinforce City's history of protecting the water that serves the community, its role as a champion for the environment and an advocate for public health.
- 2. Demonstrate City's responsiveness, even though it did not create the problem.
- 3. Put the issue into context for the residents.
- 4. Education. Education. Education.
- 5. Ensure the City was the trusted source of information.







Suite of Documents

Α	City of Blissville Cease and Desist Email/Letter to Fire Training Ctr				
В	Informational Email to Communities that use Blissville water				
С	Call-to-Action Email to Community Leaders				
D	Press Release				
E	City of Blissville Water Customer Email				
F	Talking Points for Public Officials				
G	City of Blissville Employee Email				
Н	Talking Points for City Employees				
I	Master Q&A				
J	Fact Sheet on PFAS				
K	Blissville Email to State Representatives				
L	Talking points for sit down with reporter				

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 1						
ГІМЕ	AUDIENCE	METHOD	DOCUMENT (SEE KEY BELOW)	WHO DISTRIBUTES?		
afternoon	Fire Training Center CEO	• Email	• A	City Manager		
1:00 P.M.	Blissville Daily News	In-person meeting Embargoed until next day at 2:00 PM	• D • A • J	City Manager/Water Director		
HURSDAY, JA	NUARY 2		ļ.	ļ.		
ГІМЕ	AUDIENCE	METHOD	DOCUMENT (SEE KEY BELOW)	WHO DISTRIBUTES?		
8:00 A.M.	All City of Blissville employees	Email	H G (attach to email)	City Manager		
3:30 A.M.	Local government officials of surrounding cities and counties, who buy their water from Blissville	Email	B (attach to email) C (attach to email) K	City Manager		
9:00 A.M.	 Federal and state government representatives Blissville officials, relevant boards and commissions The Source Water Protection Group and related groups, as appropriate City, county and state health departments, other appropriate regulatory agencies 	Email Follow-up phone calls, as appropriate	 L A (attach to email) D (attach to email) I (use to prep for calls) 	City Manager/Mayor		
11:00 A.M.	Consumers / Residents	Email	E	Director Water		
2:00 PM	Media	Email	D F (attach to email) J (attach to email)	Public Affairs		
2:15 PM	City Web & Social Media Sites	Post	• D	Public Affairs		

Guiding Principles

- Be proactive
- Put the story in context
- Be transparent and responsive
- Reinforce appropriate framing through tone
- Humanize your communication
- Craft all communications with the understanding that they will be forwarded to the media
- Use outside resources/3rd party verification







You Got Caught, Now What?









If You #&%\$ UP.....

FESS UP

- Tell the truth, tell it all, tell it first
- Show remorse
- Apologize with candor
- Do NOT use weasel words: "Well, I'm sorry people were offended." "Well, I'm sorry people feel that way."
- Be transparent
- Take and Answer Questions

FIX UP

- Words + Action
- Commitment to change
- Pledge to find out what went wrong
- Promise to fix it
- Vow to better reflect of organization's values
- Be sincere







Control Tools

- 1. Messages
- 2. Questions
- 3. Answers
- 4. Bridging Statements
- **5.** Examples/Supporting Facts







Don't Let This Happen to You









Crisis Management Today Newsletter

Twice a month, best practices for crisis managers.

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